

PM 6685 PM 6685R

Technical Data

Universal Frequency Counter Rubidium Frequency Counter Calibrator

Cal lab performance you can take anywhere

Cal lab performance in the field
The PM 6685 frequency counter from Fluke brings cal lab accuracy to field measurements. With 10 digits per second, plus overflow (displays 11th and 12th digits), it delivers high-accuracy measurements instantly. The PM 6685 is easy to use, compact and - most important of all - it has today's smartest input triggering for frequency measurements. The battery option for the PM 6685 maintains oven stability for 20 hours, giving you instant oven performance even after long transportation.



PM 6685

- 300 MHz basic input range; options for 1.3 GHz, 2.7 GHz, 4.2 GHz or 4.5 GHz
- Ultra High Stability Oven: up to 5×10^{-8} within 10 min
- Battery supply in combination with Ultra High Stability Oven for On-Site calibration
- Displays 10 digits in a second
- Smart AUTO trigger eliminates guesswork, provides error-free measurements
- Analog Bar Graph displays signal strength and input sensitivity to assist instrument setup and RF tuning

- applications
Nulling function lets you use any value as input reference
- Digit blanking function to eliminate distracting or insignificant digits in your readings
- Connect-and-go convenience for testbench and field use
Optional IEEE-488 (SCPI) interface

GSM Network operators

Depending on the cellular radio system network operators and the internal procedures and

budgets, the calibration requirement can be fulfilled with the following solutions from Fluke.

- PM6685 with the Ultra-High-Stability oven oscillator in the small housing with or without battery supply to check base stations, offering a low initial cost-effective solution (2 month calibration interval for a margin of 5x better than GSM specification)
- PM6685R **Rubidium** Frequency Counter/Calibrator, to check base stations,

providing low cost of ownership, (2 year calibration interval, for a margin of 50x better than GSM specification)

New Ultra High Stability Timebase

The new Ultra-High-Stability oven oscillator PM9692 fills the gap between the currently available best crystal oscillators and the Rubidium oscillator. The short warm-up time of 10 min to reach 5×10^{-9} of final value makes it the ideal solution for many ion-site calibration applications.

The PM9692 oscillator in the smaller housing of the PM6685, provides adequate accuracy to handle the fast-growing need for calibrations of digital cellular

telephony systems and other calibration applications, very cost effectively.

PM6685R - Today's most accurate frequency counter

The PM 6685R from Fluke is the most accurate portable frequency counter on the market. It offers all the functionality of the PM 6685, plus the stability and accuracy of a built-in Rubidium atomic reference.

High stability, high accuracy and short warm-up times make this instrument ideal for high-accuracy calibration procedures outside the cal lab environment, such as in base station transmitters of large telecommunication networks

like GSM.

The short warm-up time means that the PM 6685R is ready for use within minutes after field transport or a change of location inside a building.

Additional features PM 6685R

- High accuracy and short warm-up times:
 - 1×10^{-9} within 7 min.
 - 4×10^{-10} within 10 min.
 - Ageing 2×10^{-10} per year
- Calibrates any application specific frequency
- 10 MHz buffered Rubidium reference output
- 5 year warranty on Rubidium element

Technical Specifications PM 6685

Measuring Functions

Refer to table 1 for measurement uncertainty information.

Frequency A, C

Range:	
Input A:	10 Hz to 300 MHz
Input C:	70 MHz to 1.3 GHz (PM 9621) 100 MHz to 2.7 GHz (PM 9624) 150 MHz to 4.2 GHz (PM 9625B) 150 MHz to 4.5 GHz (PM 9625)
Resolution:	10 digits/s measurement time

Burst Frequency A

Frequency Range:	100 Hz to 160 MHz
PRF Range:	1 Hz to 100 kHz
Pulse Width Range:	1 μ s to 50 ms, min. 3 periods of this signal

Period A

Range:	6 ns to 100 ms
Resolution:	10 digits/s measurement time

Ratio A/E, C/A

Range:	10^{-7} to 10^{10}
Frequency Range:	
Input A:	10 Hz to 160 MHz
Input E:	10 Hz to 50 MHz
Input C:	70 MHz to 1.3 GHz (PM 9621) 100 MHz to 2.7 GHz (PM 9624) 150 MHz to 4.2 GHz (PM 9625B) 150 MHz to 4.5 GHz (PM 9625)

Pulse Width A

Range:	3 ns to 10 ms
Frequency Range:	50 Hz to 160 MHz
Voltage Range:	100 mV p-p to 70V p-p

Duty Factor A

Range:	0 to 1
Frequency Range:	50 Hz to 160 MHz
Voltage Range:	100 mV p-p to 70V p-p

Totalize A

Event counting on input A with manual start and stop

Range:	0 to 10^{17} 0 to 160 MHz
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Input and Output Specifications

Input A

Frequency Range:	10 Hz to 300 MHz
Coupling:	AC
Impedance:	1 M Ω /25 pF or 50 Ω , VSWR < 2:1
Sensitivity:	
Sinewave:	10 mV rms, 10 Hz to 50 MHz 15 mV rms, 50 MHz to 100 MHz 20 mV rms, 100 MHz to 150 MHz 30 mV rms, 150 MHz to 200 MHz 50 mV rms, 200 MHz to 300 MHz 50 mV p-p, 3 ns minimum pulse width 30 mV p-p to 70V p-p
Pulse:	
Dynamic Range:	

Manual Trigger:

Sensitivity Range: 10 mV rms to 10V rms, variable in 3 dB steps, indicated on a bar graph

Trigger Level: Selectable for optimum triggering on waveforms with duty factors <0.25, 0.25 to 0.75 and >0.75

Trigger Slope: Positive or negative

Auto Trigger: Automatic setting of input signal conditioning circuits for optimum triggering on different amplitudes and waveforms

Frequency: Minimum 50 Hz
Sensitivity Range: 10 mV rms to 25V rms
Signal Monitor: A bar graph displays actual input signal level in 3 dB steps, 10mV rms to 10V rms

Low Pass Filter: 100 kHz nominal 3 dB point. Minimum 40 dB attenuation at 1 MHz.

Damage Level: 1 M Ω : 350V (dc + ac peak) at dc to 440 Hz, falling to 12V rms at 1 MHz and above 50 Ω : 12V rms

Input C (Option PM 9621)

Frequency Range:	70 MHz to 1.3 GHz
Prescaler Factor:	256
Operating Input Voltage Range:	
70 to 900 MHz:	10 mV rms to 12V rms
900 to 1100 MHz:	15 mV rms to 12V rms
1100 to 1300 MHz:	40 mV rms to 12V rms
Amplitude Modulation:	dc to 0.1 MHz: Up to 94% depth 0.1 to 6 MHz: Up to 85% depth Minimum signal must exceed minimum operating input voltage
Impedance:	50Ω nominal, ac coupled, VSWR <2:1
Max Voltage without Damage:	12V rms, pin-diode protected
Connector:	BNC

Input C (Option PM 9624)

Frequency Range:	100 MHz to 2.7 GHz
Prescaler Factor:	16
Operating Input Voltage Range:	
100 MHz to 300MHz	20 mV rms to 12V rms
0.3 GHz to 2.5 GHz	10 mV rms to 12V rms
2.5 GHz to 2.7 GHz	20 mV rms to 12V rms
Amplitude Modulation:	As PM 9621
Impedance:	50 nominal, ac coupled, VSWR <2.5:1
Max Voltage without Damage:	12V rms, pin-diode protected
Connector:	Type N Female

Input C (Option PM 9625B)

Frequency Range:	150 MHz to 4.2 GHz
Prescaler Factor:	32
Operating Input Voltage Range:	
150 to 300 MHz:	20 mV rms to 1V rms (-21 to +13 dB)
0.3 to 2.2 GHz:	10 mV rms to 1V rms (-27 to +13 dB)
2.2 to 3.5 GHz:	15 mV rms to 1V rms (-23.5 to +13 dB)
3.5 to 4.2 GHz:	25 mV rms to 1V rms (-19 to +13 dB)
Amplitude Modulation:	As PM9621
Impedance:	50 nominal, AC coupled, VSWR <2.5:1
Max Voltage without damage:	12V rms, pin-diode protected
Connector:	Type N Female

Input C (Option PM 9625)

Frequency Range:	150 MHz to 4.5 GHz
Prescaler Factor:	32
Operating Input Voltage Range:	
150 to 300 MHz:	20 mV rms to 1V rms (-21 to +13 dBm)
0.3 to 2.5 GHz:	10 mV rms to 1V rms (-27 to +13 dBm)
2.5 to 3.7 GHz:	15 mV rms to 1V rms (-23.5 to +13 dBm)
3.5 to 4.5 GHz:	25 mV rms to 1V rms (-19 to +13 dBm)
Amplitude Modulation:	As PM 9621
Impedance:	50 nominal, ac coupled, VSWR 2,5:1 typical
Max Voltage	

without Damage:	12V rms (+34 dBm), pin-diode protected
Connector:	Type N Female

External Reference Input D

The use of external reference is indicated on the display	
Input Frequency:	10 MHz standard. 1 MHz and 5 MHz with optional Reference Frequency Multiplier (PM 9697).
Voltage Range:	500 mV rms to 10V rms
Impedance:	Approx 1 k (ac coupled)

Input E

Used in Ratio A/E and external arming/gating modes

Frequency Range:	DC to 50 MHz
Pulse Width:	10 ns minimum
Slew Rate:	2V/μs minimum
Trigger Level:	TTL level, 1.4V nominal
Trigger Slope:	Positive or negative
Impedance:	Approx 2 kΩ (dc coupled)
Damage Level:	±25V peak

Reference Output G

Frequency:	10 MHz, sine wave
Output Level:	>0.5V rms into 50Ω load, >0.7V rms into high impedance load
Coupling:	AC

Auxiliary Functions**External Arming/External Gate**

External signal on input E can be used to inhibit start and/or stop triggering.	
Stop arming is not applicable to Pulse Width and Duty Factor measuring modes.	
Start Arming Delay:	OFF or 200 ns to 1.6s in 100 ns steps

Nulling/Frequency Offset

Nulling enable measurements to be displayed relative to a previously measured value or any frequency offset value entered via front panel keys

Other Functions

Measuring Time:	Single cycle, 0.8, 1.6, 3.2, 6.4, 12.8 μs and 50 μs to 20s, (up to 400s, depending on measuring function and input signal frequency)
Local/Preset:	Go to local function in remote mode, or preset counter to default setting in local mode
Restart:	Starts a new measurement
Display Hold:	Freezes measuring result. Start and stop of the totalization in TOT A MAN.
Check:	Applies 10 MHz to the measuring logic
Display:	LCD with high-luminance backlight
Number of Digits:	10 digits plus exponent
Blanking:	Least significant digits can be blanked
Bar graph:	Displays input signal level or sensitivity setting in 3 dB steps from 10mV rms to 10V rms
Auxiliary Menu:	The following functions are available from the AUX MENU and via the GPIB interface
Save/Recall:	19 complete instrument settings. 10 settings can be user protected
GPIB-Address:	Read and temporarily change

Burst Frequency:	via front panel keys. (Set new address on rear panel switch.)	Display Overflow:	Display of the 11th and 12th digits
PRF:	A or C (PM 9625) input, set synchronization delay time	Test:	Select selftests
Trigger Slope:	A or C (PM 9625) input, set synchronization delay time	Program Version:	Display instrument and GPIB program versions
Arming Start:	Positive or negative slope	Time Out:	OFF or 100 ms to 25.5s in 100 ms steps
Arming Stop:	Positive or negative slope	Analog Output:	Select digits and scaling factor
Null:	Read and change stored offset frequency	Display Backlight:	On/Off

Measuring function	Random Uncertainty rms	Systematic Uncertainty	LSD Displayed
Frequency Period	$\pm \frac{\sqrt{(250\text{ps})^2 + (\text{Trigger Error})^2}}{\text{Measuring Time}} \times \text{Freq. or Period}$	$\pm \text{Time Base Error} \times \text{Freq. or Period}$	$\frac{250\text{ps} \times \text{Freq. or Period}}{\text{Measuring Time}}$
Ratio f_1/f_2	$\pm \frac{\sqrt{(\text{Prescaler Factor})^2 + (f_1 \times \text{Trigger Error of } f_2)^2}}{f_2 \times \text{Measuring Time}}$		$\frac{\text{Prescaler Factor}}{f_2 \times \text{Measuring Time}}$
Pulse Width (Auto Trigger)	$\pm \sqrt{(250 \text{ ps})^2 + (\text{Trigger Error})^2}$	$\pm \text{Time Base Error} \times \text{Pulse Width}$ $\pm 0.5 \times \text{Transition Time} \pm 1.5 \text{ ns}$	100 ps
Duty Factor	$\pm \sqrt{(250 \text{ ps})^2 + (\text{Trigger Error})^2} \times \text{Frequency}$	$\pm (0.5 \times \text{Transition Time} \pm 1.5 \text{ ns}) \times \text{Frequency}$	1×10^{-6}

Table 1. Measurement Uncertainties and LSD Displayed

Random Uncertainty

Random uncertainty is due to quantization error, short-term Time Base stability, internal noise and input signal noise. The random uncertainty can be reduced by increasing the measurement time. Trigger Error: Internal noise and input signal noise, expressed as an rms Trigger Error.

$$\text{Trigger Error} = \frac{1.4 \times \sqrt{(e_{\text{amp}})^2 + (e_n)^2}}{\text{Signal slew rate (V/s) at trigger point}}$$

Where:

e_{amp} = rms input amplifier noise (250 μV rms typical)

e_n = rms noise of the input signal over a 300 MHz bandwidth

Systematic Uncertainty

See crystal oscillator specifications for aging and possible frequency deviation due to the oscillator's temperature dependency

LSD Displayed

Unit value of Least Significant Digit (LSD) displayed. After calculation, the LSD value is rounded to the nearest decade before display (for example $>0.5 \text{ Hz}$ will be 1 Hz and $<0.5 \text{ Hz}$ will be 0.1 Hz). LSD blanking is available to reduce displayed resolution. Measuring times $>1\text{s}$ can give significance in > 10 digits. The 11th and 12th digits can be displayed using the display overflow function.

Options

Battery Unit (Option PM 9623)

The PM 9623 is a rechargeable battery unit for mounting inside the counter.

Battery Type: Sealed lead-acid cells

Battery Capacity: At 25C

Standby Mode: Typically 20 hours with Oven Time Base

Operating Mode: Typically 3 hours without options, 2.5 hours with Oven Time Base, and 2 hours with Oven Time Base and Input C

Recharge Time: Typically 8 hours in standby mode

Battery Protection: Overcharge and deep discharge protection

External DC: 12V to 24V via socket on rear panel (16V to 24V to charge internal battery)

Line Failure Protection: Counter automatically switches to internal battery or external dc when the line voltage falls below 90V ac

Temperature

Operating: 0°C to $+40^\circ\text{C}$

Storage: -40°C to $+50^\circ\text{C}$

Weight: 1.5 kg (3.3 lb)

GPIO (Option PM 9626/02)

Programmable Functions: All front panel and AUX MENU functions
 Compatibility: IEEE 488.2-1987, SCPI 1991.0
 Interface Functions: SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, DC1, DT1, E2
 Maximum Measurement Rate to Internal Memory: 200 to 1600 readings/s, depending on measurement function and internal data format
 Internal Memory Size: 764 to 2600 readings, depending on measurement function and internal data format

Maximum Bus Transfer Rate from internal memory: 150 to 1000 readings/s, depending on internal data format and output data format
 Data Output Format: ASCII, IEEE double precision floating point
 Time Out: Off or 100 ms to 25.5s in 100 ms steps
 Analog Output: 0 to 4.98V in 20 mV steps, derived from three consecutive digits selected from the measurement result
 Output Impedance: 200Ω

Timebase Options

Option model:	PM668/-1-	PM668/-2-	PM668/-4-	PM668/-5-	PM668/-6-	PM668/-7-
Retro-fittable option:	non retrofit.	PM9678B/021 TCXO	PM9690/011 OCXO	PM9691/011 OCXO	PM9692/011 OCXO	non retro-fit. Rubidium
Uncertainty due to: Calibration adjustment tolerance, at + 23°C ± 3°C	<1x10 ⁻⁶	<2x10 ⁻⁷	<5x10 ⁻⁸	<2x10 ⁻⁸	<5x10 ⁻⁹	<5x10 ⁻¹¹
Ageing: per 24 hr.	n.a.	n.a.	<1.5x10 ⁻⁹ ❶	<5x10 ⁻¹⁰ ❶	<3x10 ⁻¹⁰ ❶	n.a.
per month	<5x10 ⁻⁷	<1x10 ⁻⁷	<2x10 ⁻⁸	<1x10 ⁻⁸	<3x10 ⁻⁹	<5x10 ⁻¹¹ ❷
per year	<5x10 ⁻⁶	<5x10 ⁻⁷	<1x10 ⁻⁷	<7.5x10 ⁻⁸	<2x10 ⁻⁸	<2x10 ⁻¹⁰ ❸
Temperature variation: 0°C-50°C, 20°C-26°C (typ. values)	<1x10 ⁻⁵	<1x10 ⁻⁶	<1.5x10 ⁻⁸	<5x10 ⁻⁹	<2.5x10 ⁻¹⁰	<3x10 ⁻¹⁰
	<3x10 ⁻⁶	<2x10 ⁻⁷	<2x10 ⁻⁹	<6x10 ⁻¹⁰	<4x10 ⁻¹⁰	<5x10 ⁻¹¹
Power voltage variation: ± 10%	<1x10 ⁻⁸	<1x10 ⁻⁹	<5x10 ⁻¹⁰	<5x10 ⁻¹⁰	<5x10 ⁻¹⁰	<1x10 ⁻¹¹
Short term stability: τ = 1 s (root Allan Variance) τ = 10 s τ = 100 s	not specified	not specified	not specified	not specified	<1x10 ⁻¹¹ <3x10 ⁻¹² <1x10 ⁻¹²	<5x10 ⁻¹¹ <1.5x10 ⁻¹¹ <5x10 ⁻¹²
Power-on stability: Deviation versus final value after 24hr on time, after a warm-up time of:	n.a. 30 min	n.a. 30 min	<1x10 ⁻⁷ 15 min	<1x10 ⁻⁷ 15 min	<5x10 ⁻⁹ 10 min	<4x10 ⁻¹⁰ 10 min
Total uncertainty , for operating temperature 0°C to 50°C, at 2σ (95%) confidence interval: 1 year after calibration 2 years after calibration	<1.2x10 ⁻⁵ <1.5x10 ⁻⁵	<1.2x10 ⁻⁶ <1.5x10 ⁻⁶	<1.5x10 ⁻⁷ <2.5x10 ⁻⁷	<1x10 ⁻⁷ <2x10 ⁻⁷	<2.5x10 ⁻⁸ <5x10 ⁻⁸	<7x10 ⁻¹⁰ <9x10 ⁻¹⁰
Typical total uncertainty , for operating temperature 20°C to 26°C, at 2σ (95%) confidence interval: 1 year after calibration 2 years after calibration	<7x10 ⁻⁶ <1.2x10 ⁻⁵	<7x10 ⁻⁷ <1.2x10 ⁻⁶	<1.5x10 ⁻⁷ <2.5x10 ⁻⁷	<1x10 ⁻⁷ <2x10 ⁻⁷	<2.5x10 ⁻⁸ <5x10 ⁻⁸	<6x10 ⁻¹⁰ <8x10 ⁻¹⁰

n.a.

Not discernible, neglectable versus 1°C temperature variation.

❶ After 48 hours of continuous operation, PM9692 typical value 1 x 10⁻¹⁰ / 24h

❷ after 1 month of continuous operation

❸ after 1st year, ageing during 1st year: < 5 x 10⁻¹⁰

Explanation

Calibration Adjustment Tolerance is the maximal tolerated deviation from the true 10MHz frequency after a calibration. When the reference frequency does not exceed the tolerance limits at the moment of calibration, an adjustment is not needed.

Total uncertainty is the total possible deviation from the true 10MHz value under influence of frequency drift due to ageing and ambient temperature variations versus the reference temperature. The operating temperature range and the calibration interval are part of this specification.

General Specifications
Environmental Conditions

Temperature
 Operating: 0C to +50C
 Fan option PM 9628/02 is required when ambient temperature >45C and oven oscillator PM 9690, 9691 or 9692 is installed
 Storage: -40°C to +70°C
 Humidity: 95% RH, 0°C to 30°C
 Altitude Operating: Up to 4600m (15000 ft)
 Non-operating: Up to 12000m (40000 ft)
 Vibration: 3G at 55 Hz per MIL-T-28800D, Class 3, Style D
 Shock: Half-sine 40G per MIL-T-28800D, Class 3, Style D. Bench handling.

Reliability:
Safety:
EMC:
Power Requirements
AC:
DC (PM 9623):
Mechanical Data
Width
Height
Depth
Shipping container.

MTBF 30 000 hours
 IEC 1010 Class 1, CSA 22.2 No. 231, EN61010, CE
 EN 55011, VDE 0871 Level B, FCC Part 15J Class A, CE

90 to 265V rms, 45 to 440 Hz, max 30W
 Internal battery or external 12 to 24V dc, max 2A

210 mm (8.25 in)

86 mm (3.4 in)

395 mm (15.6 in)

Weight: Net 3.2 kg (7 lb); shipping
5.5 kg (12 lb)

Additional Specification for PM6685R

(where these differ from the standard model PM6685)
Short-term (Root Allan Variance of reference Oscillator)
See Timebase Options table

Warm-up time (at 25°C)

Unlocked status indicated by LED
Time to lock approx. 5 min.
Time to reach
1 x 10⁻⁹ approx. 7 min.
Retrace: < 2.5 x 10⁻¹¹

Power requirements (at 25°C)

Voltage 90 ... 264 Vrms, 47 ... 440Hz
Power rating <100W for <4 min., 47W
continuous operating

Dimensions and weight

Width 315 mm (12.4 in)
Weight Net 5.5 kg (12 lb)
Shipping weight 8.8 kg (19 lb)

Ordering Information

Basic Model

PM 6685/O11 Universal Frequency Counter
300 MHz incl.
Standard Time Base

Rubidium Reference Basic Model

PM 6685R/O71 Rubidium Frequency
Counter/Calibrator
*Included with One year product warranty, line
Instrument cord, operator manual, and
Certificate of Calibration practices*

Input Frequency Options

PM 6685/_4_ 1.3 GHz Input C (PM 9621)
PM 6685/_6_ 2.7 GHz Input C (PM 9624)
PM 6685/_8_ 4.2 GHz Input C (PM 9625B)
PM 6685/_7_ 4.5 GHz Input C (PM 9625)

Time Base Options

PM 6685/_1_ Standard Time Base
PM 6685/_2_ TCXO (PM 9678B)
PM 6685/_4_ High Stability Oven Time Base
(PM 9690)
PM 6685/_5_ Very High Stability Oven Time
Base (PM 9691)
PM 6685/_6_ Ultra-High-Stability Oven Time
Base (PM 9692)
PM 6685R/_7_ Rubidium Time Base 1)
PM 6685/_8_ Standard Time Base plus
External Ref. Frequency
Multiplier (1, 5, 10 MHz)
(PM 9697)

1) Product physical dimensions are larger with rubidium time base. The
rubidium time base is not customer installable.

Battery Unit and GPIB Interface Options

PM 6685/_1_ or No Battery Unit or GPIB
PM 6685R/_1_ Interface
PM 6685/_3_ Battery Unit (PM 9623)
PM 6685/_6_ or GPIB Interface (PM 9626/O2)
PM 6685R/_6_ and Time & Frequency Analysis
SW: TimeView
PM 6685/_8_ Battery Unit plus GPIB Interface

Example, Ordering Configuration

To order the 300 MHz PM 6685 version with the TCXO Time
Base and GPIB interface, select the Complete Model Number PM
6685/O26

Options and Accessories

PM 9621 1.3 GHz Input C
PM 9624 2.7 GHz Input C
PM 9625B 4.2 GHz Input C
PM 9625 4.5 GHz Input C

PM 9678B/O1
PM 9690/O1
PM 9691/O1
PM 9692/O1
PM 9697/O0 **

PM 9623 ***
PM 9626/O2 *
PM 9622/O0
PM 9622/O2
PM 9622/O3
PM 9628/O2
PM 9627B
PM 8929/I91
PM 8911/O91

* PM9626 GPIB-Interface includes Analog Output and TimeView
Analysis software

** PM 9697 External Reference Multiplier can be used only with
the Standard Time Base.

*** PM 9623 can not be fitted in PM 6685R

*When ordered together with the basic counter, options are factory
installed.*

*Options ordered separately can be customer retrofitted, except PM 9611/80
Rear Panel Inputs*

SW Drivers MET/CAL HPVEE Manuals

PM6685
PM6685
PM6685

on request
procedures are available
driver is available

Operator *
Program *
Service
* No charge with purchase of unit

Factory Warranty

One year product warranty
Five year warranty on
Rubidium Element